

DAY 33 § 2.4 INTERPRETATION OF DERIVATIVE

p.101 # 3, 6, 13, 21, 42, 43

③ $T = f(t)$ Temperature of cold yarn placed in hot oven

$(t, f(t)) = (t, T)$ t in minutes, T in $^{\circ}F$.

a) $f'(t) > 0$ b/c temp of yarn is increasing.

b) $f'(20) \Rightarrow$ units are $\left(\frac{^{\circ}F}{\text{min}}\right)$ $f(t)$ is increasing.

$f'(20) = 2$: The temperature of the yarn is increasing at a rate of $2^{\circ}F/\text{min}$ at time $t = 20$ minutes after it was placed in the oven.

④ $Q = f(P)$ Quantity sold based on ~~price~~ price of item.

a) $f(150) = 2000$ At a price of \$150 per item, a quantity of 2000 items will be sold.

b) $f'(150) = -25$ At a price of \$150 per item the quantity sold is decreasing at a rate of 25 units per \$1.
 $\frac{25 \text{ units}}{\$1}$

⑬ $W = f(c)$ Weight of an adult human is a function of average calories/day consumed.
units (calories, pounds)

a) $f(1800) = 155$ An adult consuming 1800 calories/day weighs 155 pounds.

$f'(2000) = 0$ An adult consuming 2000 calories/day the weight of is remaining constant.

The adults weight is neither increasing nor decreasing b/c the rate of change is $0 \frac{\text{pounds}}{\text{avg calories/day}}$

$f^{-1}(162) = 2200$

An adult who weighs 162 lbs consumes 2200 calories on average day

DAY 33 Continued

21) The depth of water (in feet) flowing into a tank after t hours.

$(t, h(t)) \rightarrow$ units (hours, feet)

a) $h(5) = 3$ At time $t = 5$ hours the depth of water in the tank is 3 ft.

$\frac{ft}{hrs}$

b) $h'(5) = 0.7$ At time $t = 5$ hrs the depth of water in the tank is increasing at a rate of $0.7 \frac{ft}{hr} = \frac{7ft}{10hrs}$.

c) $h^{-1}(5) = 7$ The depth of water in the tank is 5 ft at time $t = 7$ hours.

$\frac{hrs}{ft}$

d) $(h^{-1})'(5) = 1.2$ When the depth of water in the tank is 5 ft, the depth of water increases 1 foot every 1.2 hrs.

$\hookrightarrow \frac{1.2hrs}{1ft}$

42) $g'(v) = \frac{dg}{dv}$ $g(v)$ is fuel efficiency $\frac{miles}{gallon}$ of

a car going a speed $v \frac{miles}{hour}$ (mph)

$g'(v)$ units $\hookrightarrow \frac{(\frac{miles}{gallon})}{(\frac{miles}{hour})} = \frac{hours}{gallon}$

CHOICES: b, e

43) $g'(55) = -0.54$

$55 \frac{miles}{hour} \hookrightarrow -0.54 \frac{hrs}{gallon}$ or $\frac{-0.54 \frac{miles}{gallon}}{1 \frac{miles}{hour}}$

CHOICES: b, d

b) When the car is going 55 mph, the rate of change of fuel efficiency decreases by 0.54 miles/gallon.

d) If the car speeds up from 55 mph to 56 mph then the car becomes less fuel efficient by approximately 0.54 miles/gallon.