

HW

DAY 68 § 4.3 p 210-215 # 2, 3, 6, 9

②  $(x)(y) = 784$   
 $y = \frac{784}{x}$   
 $x$  &  $y$  are positive.

MINIMIZE:  $x + y = \text{sum}$   
 $\text{sum} = x + \frac{784}{x}$

$\frac{dS}{dx} = 1 - \frac{784}{x^2} = \frac{x^2 - 784}{x^2}$

$\frac{dS}{dx} = \frac{(x-28)(x+28)}{x^2} = 0$   $x = \pm 28$   
 und  $x < 0$

S'  $\frac{+}{-} \frac{0}{-28} \frac{-}{0} \frac{+}{28} \frac{+}{+}$  Min. sum @  $x = 28$   
 b/c S' changes signs  $\ominus$  to  $\oplus$ .

$\therefore x = 28 \therefore y = \frac{784}{28} = 28$   $x + y = 56 = \text{sum}$

ATQ: Minimum value sum = 56.

③  $x + y + z = 36$

$y = 2x$

$\therefore x + 2x + z = 36$

$3x + z = 36$

$z = 36 - 3x$

MAXIMIZE  $(x)(y)(z) = \text{product}$ .

$(x)(2x)(36-3x) = \text{product}$

$(2x^2)(3)(12-x) = \text{product}$

$(6x^2)(12-x) = \text{product}$

$\frac{dP}{dx} = (12x)(12-x) + (6x^2)(-1)$

$= 6x [2(12-x) - x]$

$= 6x [24 - 3x]$

$= 18x [8 - x] = 0$

S'  $\frac{-}{+} \frac{0}{8} \frac{+}{-}$

$x = 8$

$y = 2(8) = 16$

$z = 36 - 3(8) = 12$

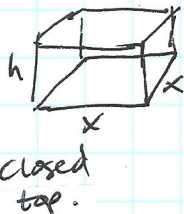
product =  $(8)(16)(12) = 1536$

$\frac{dP}{dx}$  changes signs  $\oplus$  to  $\ominus$  at  $x = 8$

$\therefore x = 8$  maximizes product.

Maximum product = 1536

⑥



MINIMIZE surface area

$SA = 2x^2 + 4xh$

$SA = 2x^2 + 4x \left(\frac{8}{x^2}\right)$

$SA = 2x^2 + \frac{32}{x}$

$\frac{dS}{dx} = 4x - \frac{32}{x^2}$

$\frac{dS}{dx} = \frac{4x^3 - 32}{x^2} = \frac{4(x^3 - 8)}{x^2} = \frac{4(x-2)(x^2 + 2x + 4)}{x^2} = 0$   $x = 2$   
 und  $x < 0$

$V = x \cdot x \cdot h = 8 \text{ cm}^3 \therefore h = \frac{8}{x^2}$

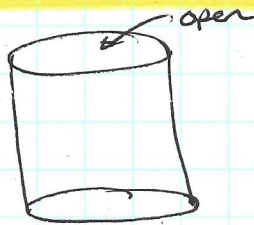
S'  $\frac{-}{0} \frac{0}{2} \frac{+}{+}$

When  $x = 2$  &  $h = 2$ . SA is minimized =  $24 \text{ cm}^2$

b/c  $\frac{dS}{dx}$  changes signs  $\ominus$  to  $\oplus$

HW DAY 68 §4.3 p. 210 #9

9



$$V = \pi r^2 h = 8 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$h = \frac{8}{\pi r^2}$$

$$SA = \pi r^2 + 2\pi r h$$

$$SA = \pi r^2 + \frac{16}{r}$$

$$\frac{dS}{dr} = 2\pi r + \frac{-16}{r^2}$$

$$\frac{dS}{dr} = \frac{2\pi r^3 - 16}{r^2} = \frac{2(\pi r^3 - 8)}{r^2}$$

$$\pi r^3 - 8 = 0 \quad \text{und } \therefore r = 0$$

$$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{\pi}}$$

$\frac{dS}{dx}$	-	$\cancel{0}$	-	0	+
	↘	0	↘	$\sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{\pi}}$	↗

SA is minimize when  $r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{\pi}} \approx 1.365 \text{ cm}$   
 $SA = 1.366 \text{ cm}^2$

b/c  $\frac{dS}{dx}$  changes sign  $\ominus$  to  $\oplus$  @  $x = \sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{\pi}}$ .

$$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{\pi}}$$

$$r = 1.365$$

$$1.366 \text{ cm}$$

$$h = \frac{8}{\pi r^2} = 1.365 \text{ or } 1.366 \text{ cm}$$

$$SA = \pi r^2 + \frac{16}{r} = 17.575 \text{ cm}^2$$